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THE

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE CHIEF PROTECTOR OF ABORIGINES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30th JUNE, 1927

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To the Honorary Minister.

In compliance with Section 64 (6) of the Aborigines Act, 1905, I have the honor to submit herewith my report on the condition and welfare of the aborigines and of the transactions of the Department throughout the State for the year ended 30th June, 1927.

THE POPULATION

The estimated number of natives in contact with civilisation throughout the State is 15,656. Full-bloods and half-castes classed as aboriginals have increased by 863 while in the case of half-castes not deemed to be aboriginals there has been an increase of 27, making a total increase of 890.

To the above figures, however, there should be added approximately 10,000 aborigines inhabiting the unsettled portions of the State who, with the exception of those in touch with Missionary effort, have not yet come in close contact with civilisation.

ALLEGED NATIVE MURDERS IN THE WYNDHAM DISTRICT.

Though most unfortunate the cause, it is years since the native question in Western Australia was brought into so great prominence as during the year under review. From time to time in the State's history there have been similar revivals of interest mainly the outcome of alleged wrongs inflicted upon the aborigines by the white residents, and each such revival has been followed by some measure of reform. The Wyndham affair and resultant Royal Commission and Trial have been followed by an awakening of Public interest and a wider outlook on native affairs which may have far-reaching effects, and will result, I hope, in important steps being taken towards the betterment of the aboriginal race in Australia as a whole. Too often, however, have

such revivals been succeeded by merely a temporary wave of sympathy and a brief attempt to improve in some small measure existing conditions, dying down quickly when everyone has had a say, and the incident which gave rise to the revival has been forgotten. That it will not be so in this case, and that the Department will be encouraged and assisted in putting into operation many of the reforms which I and others have suggested during many years past, is much to be desired. Things are a little better than they were, but there is yet a vast deal to do before it can be said that the aborigines are receiving the treatment that is due to them.

As I stated in my evidence before the Royal Commission anyone following the matter of these alleged murders carefully could only come to one conclusion, viz., that a number of natives had lost their lives in some untimely way. The written evidence, the reports of my Inspector, Protectors of Aborigines, Police and others, combined with the knowledge of certain contingent matters bearing on the main one, force me to come to that conclusion. The old adage that "Truth will out" has not so far been exemplified but in the light of more recent events I am not without hope that we shall yet learn the story of the tragedy.

From beginning to end of the whole inquiry, including the Royal Commission and Police Court case, there were occurrences which could hardly be deemed to be co-incidental, such as the escape from custody of some of the principal witnesses, the total disappearance of at least two alleged eye-witnesses, the fact that several natives had to be treated for shot wounds, not to mention the conflicting evidence of both blacks and whites.

The almost complete ignorance shown by the whites concerned of the language spoken by the tribes in the district traversed by the Police party, and the fact that intèlligent interpreters were hard to find, rendered the Court proceedings in the case of some of the witnesses, "Loombia" in particular,

farcical in the extreme. It was impossible to extract from this man with the means available any coherent account of his arrest, either in Court or prior to his appearance.

Acting on the advice of Inspector E.C. Mitchell, who was present throughout the whole enquiry, and other public officers, I have recently arranged for the removal from the Wyndham and Hall's Creek Districts of seven male aborigines. This action is being taken not alone in the interests of the white residents, but also to afford a measure of protection to these natives who, through their inability to live in harmony with whites or other blacks, are bound sooner or later to be taken into custody to serve varying terms of imprisonment according to their misdemeanours. I have stipulated that such of these men who are married shall be allowed to take their wives and children with them, and further that their exile from their own tribal country shall be of a permanent nature. They are to be brought South and placed individually as Police Trackers where their opportunities for doing harm will be severely restricted, and their own people will only remember them as having been removed from amongst them in the interests of the tribe generally. This, however, is merely a palliative, not a remedy, and brought about to improve the state of affairs existing in the centres referred to immediately after the conclusion of the Trial in Perth.

SEGREGATION.

Recent happenings in this State have induced many persons well disposed towards the natives, and others from more personal motives, to urge the future segregation of all aborigines. It is not always clear what these individuals mean by segregation, but it seems certain that some more intensive form of separation between whites and blacks than exists at present is desirable. Indeed such a possibility has for years past been held well in view by the Aborigines Department in this

State, so much so that many millions of acres are already reserved for the use of aborigines, over eight million of which lie in the Kimberleys alone. The question presents many difficulties, and has many aspects requiring close examination, but if ever complete segregation is decided upon, the way in this State at all events will have already been carefully prepared. In its existing cattle stations for natives and other settlements, also taking into consideration the Mission Reserves, the Department already has established centres, to work from in the main various tribal districts, an important consideration when the native prejudices, their nomadic habits, and ancient culture have to be contended with.

#### SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH.

For a great many years past the aborigines of Australia have afforded a wide field of study to anyone sufficiently interested in ethnological research to investigate it, though it is but recently that any connection between scientific research in this direction and practical administration has been sufficiently realised. However, within the past year or so official recognition has been given to the matter, resulting in the establishment of a Chair of Anthropology at the Sydney University, towards which this State contributes proportionately on a population basis, the Commonwealth Government contributing £1,000, and the States £1,500 between them. Professor Redcliffe Brown, who will be remembered by some as a member of the Cambridge Ethnological Expedition which visited Western Australia many years ago, has been appointed, and already a good deal of work has been done. Furthermore, the Rockefeller Foundation has agreed to contribute up to twenty thousand dollars annually for five years to assist in research work, contingent upon the States and Commonwealth quotas as already mentioned being forthcoming. It has, too, granted a number of Fellowships and assisted in other ways. One of these Fellowships has been awarded to Dr. A.P. Elkin to enable him to take up research

work in the North of the State in the near future. This State on its quota is entitled to nominate one student of Anthropology to the Sydney University under liberal conditions. In this connection two Committees have been formed, one a Permanent Advisory Committee to aid the Professor, who is Chairman, in the organisation of field research, the other, which is a sub-Committee of the National Research Council, to make recommendations with regard to the expenditure of funds available for research in Australia, New Guinea, and Melanesia, and also deal with Fellowships. To both these Committees I have been appointed, but although several meetings have been held since October last year, I regret that so far I have been unable to be present. It has at last come to be realised that the study of native mentality, social organisation and religion, is not of merely academic interest and importance, but points the way to a sympathetic method of dealing with and governing peoples of the native races. The new scheme provides facilities for the training of competent officers for future service, which is one of the objects aimed at. A scientific training in anthropology, combined with actual training in the field, will go a long way towards the better administration of native affairs in the future, and establish a sympathetic understanding between the people and the officials concerned.

The Conference of the Australian Association for the Advancement of Science was held in Perth in August last year, and not the least interesting section was that devoted to Anthropology. The Conference meets again in Hobart in January 1928, and the programme already contains a long list of papers devoted to this subject, to be delivered by well-known authorities.

HEALTH.

The health of the people throughout has been generally good but influenza has taken its toll. There were several serious outbreaks of this disease resulting in a number of deaths. Local officers do their best in such

circumstances and apply all remedial measures available to them but the lack of skilled medical attention in the case of a race which easily succumbs to almost any malady, makes recovery in serious cases a doubtful matter in remot localities.

The number of cases of venereal disease treated at Native Hospitals and otherwise reported does not tend to create the belief that the aborigines are unduly affected.

At Port Hedland Native Hospital the number of admissions during the year was <sup>60</sup>~~23~~ which added to <sup>11</sup>~~16~~ already being treated made a total of <sup>71</sup>~~39~~ under treatment. Of the admissions <sup>4</sup>~~2~~ were non-venereal. Of those treated <sup>58</sup>~~20~~ were discharged cured, 1 sent to Moore River Native Settlement and <sup>6</sup>~~7~~ died, leaving <sup>7</sup>~~11~~ under treatment at the 30th June last.

The number of patients at Derby Native Hospital at the beginning of the year was <sup>6</sup>~~13~~ and the number admitted during the year <sup>26</sup>~~21~~, making a total of <sup>32</sup>~~24~~ under treatment. Of these <sup>24</sup>~~15~~ were discharged cured, 1 absconded and <sup>5</sup>~~2~~ died, leaving <sup>3</sup>~~6~~ under treatment at the end of the year. The total of patients at both hospitals was 2 less than for the previous year.

Writing of the 30 cases of granuloma treated at the Port Hedland Institution Dr. W.T. Dermer, who was Acting District Medical Officer subsequent to the death of Dr. Glissan in April last, says:-

"I have used Castellanus Solution of Antimony, "intra-venously, and none other. From a report of an "inquest held 12.4.20 Dr. D. Browne stated that the Department "had begun the use of this December 13th, 1919. I have had no "previous experience of it and have used it here on 7 cases "only.

"To one seeing the very rapid improvement of most "disgusting sores under the intravenous injection of Antimony "and the use of antiseptic dressings the impressions rendered "are most encouraging, but a study of the dates of admissions, "re-admissions, discharge and of death cause very considerable "doubt.

"The average time "in" for the 30 cases is 324 days. "Six of these died after an average "in" of 212 days. Sixteen "were discharged as "cured" after an average of 368 days, "varying from 58 to 912 days and including two re-admissions.

"Whether the rapid improvement occurring in every "case shortly after admission is due to the injections mainly "plus antiseptic dressings and cleanliness or vice versa, I "cannot say without more experience of this granuloma affect- "ing the aboriginals, but the time taken, 1153 days "under "treatment" No. 3, 912 days, Nos. 4 and 33 readmitted after "128 days of freedom, 69 days, No. 26 readmitted 78 days later "does not look well.

"One thing I suggest as a precaution is that the apparently 'cured' should not be set free for, say, 6 months "after the 'cure' of the sores."

The deaths numbering 12 known to be due to child birth point to the necessity of greater care being taken of expectant mothers. The conditions under which native and half-caste women have to bear their children are in some centres extremely bad. Hospital accommodation is sadly lacking or often the local Institutions refuse admission. In their natural state in former days no harm was likely to come to either mother or child under primitive conditions, but in these times when these people have partly learned the ways of civilisation they naturally look for facilities similar to those enjoyed by the white and, failing to obtain them, suffer.

At one centre within two months this year, six women were confined in a camp within a mile or so of the local Hospital and thanks to the attention given them voluntarily by the Matron of the Hospital all went well. At other centres where there are Hospitals, the crudest arrangements have had to be made for native confinements close by because treatment at the Hospital has been refused. The schools exclude practically all native and half-caste children and now many of the Hospitals are following suit in regard to native patients and I have not the funds to make other provision either for education or hospital treatment to anything like the required extent.

I am, however, most grateful to the Perth Public and Children's Hospitals for the ever ready attention both Institutions invariably render to native patients.

#### DEATHS.

The total number of deaths which took place during the year, as shown in statement appended, was 170, being an increase of 28 as compared with the natives who passed away during the previous 12 months.



Out of the above increase it is noted that influenza was responsible for a total of 25. The causes of deaths were as under:-

	<u>Adults</u>		<u>Children</u> <u>under 16</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	
Accident	4	3	1	-	8
Appendicitis	-	2	-	-	2
Blood Poisoning	1	-	-	-	1
Bronchitis	-	-	-	2	2
Bowel Trouble	2	2	-	1	5
Childbirth	-	4	-	-	4
Dropsy	1	1	-	-	2
Dysentery	-	2	-	-	2
Fever	1	1	-	-	2
Heart Failure	7	1	-	3	11
Hemorrhage	1	1	-	-	2
Influenza	16	16	1	-	33
Kidney Disease	1	-	-	-	1
Lung Trouble	-	1	1	1	3
Meningitis	1	-	-	-	1
Miscellaneous	3	4	-	-	7
Murder	2	-	1	-	3
Natural Causes	19	15	-	-	34
Pneumonia	4	4	1	1	10
Senile Decay	6	8	-	-	14
Still Born	-	-	6	2	8
Tuberculosis	5	1	-	-	6
Tribal Feud	3	-	-	-	3
Venereal	3	3	-	-	6
	80	69	11	10	170

#### RELIEF.

Food, clothing, medicines and medical attendance were regularly supplied at 60 Rationing Stations scattered throughout the State, including 5 Departmental Settlements and 7 Missions.

The sum paid for food supplies including Tobacco amounted to £10,476. 2. 5 being an increase of £689. 8. 6 compared with the previous year. The total average number of natives rationed monthly was 1,197 as against 1,104 for the preceeding year.

The number of blankets distributed during the year totalled 1,697 whilst clothing totalling 3,571 garments was issued through all relief stations throughout the State. The return at page 25 gives particulars of the cost of rations distributed at the various centres.

Practically all the clothing issued was manufactured as heretofore by the inmates of the Moore River Native Settlement.

EMPLOYMENT.

The statement at page 26 shows the number of natives engaged in employment under permit, the nature of permit issued and the centre of issue. In comparison with records for the corresponding period in the previous year, it will be noticed that the total number of permits issued and persons engaged show a decrease of 69 and 810 respectively. The decrease indicates that the Pastoral Industry is employing fewer native hands, many of whom are being transferred to the relief list, as shown by the increased expenditure in this section.

CRIMES.

From the comparative statement appended it will be seen that there is a marked decrease in the number of convictions for crimes reported to have been committed by natives.

There were 79 fewer convictions than during the previous year, a decrease of nearly 45 per cent. The principal differences occur in drunkenness (37), receiving liquor (13), assault (9), unlawful possession (7), disorderly conduct (4). Increases are principally represented under cattle killing, there being 19 compared with 12 the previous year. Eighteen of these occurred at Fitzroy Crossing outside the influence of any native station.

As illustrative of the influence which our native stations exercise in this direction, during the year I received from nineteen station owners, situated within reasonable distance of Moola Bulla, letters stating that they had now no complaints to make concerning depredations by natives on their runs.

Advice has also been received to the effect that since the establishment of Avon Valley Station last year there

has been a marked improvement in a similar direction.

Proof that the aborigines are a law abiding people is contained in the Report of the Commissioner of Police recently issued. It is therein stated that offences brought to trial against persons other than aborigines, lunatics and neglected children amounted to 3.30 per cent. of the population whereas in regard to aborigines based on a population of 15,000, being those within the confines of civilisation, the percentage is 1.52.

Particulars of convictions recorded are as follows:-

	<u>1925-26</u>	<u>1926-27</u>
Assault	11	2
Assisting Prisoner to escape	1	-
Cattle Killing	12	19
Deserting Service	6	1
Driving Motor without License	1	-
Drunkenness	46	9
Disorderly Conduct	1	4
Escaping legal custody	-	2
False Pretences	1	-
Manslaughter	2	-
On Prohibited Area	6	3
Receiving Liquor	34	21
Rogue and Vagabond	1	-
Sheep Killing	1	-
Stealing	10	7
Stealing and Receiving	-	2
Threatening Language	2	-
Unlawful Possession Beef	20	13
Unlawful possession of Mailbag	-	1
Unlawful use of gun	6	1
Unsound Mind	3	2
Wilful Murder	2	3
Obscene Language	1	-
Cruelty to Animals	-	2
Unlawfully using horse	-	1
Lighting Fires	-	2
Removing inmates from Mission	1	1
	<u>175</u>	<u>96</u>

OFFENCES AGAINST ABORIGINES.

Twenty persons other than aborigines were convicted of breaches of the Aborigines Act, 1905 as against 32 for last year. There were 12 convictions for supplying liquor to aborigines, 6 in Broome 2 in Shark Bay, 1 in Yalgoo, 1 in Katanning, 1 in Leonora and 1 in Perth. These convictions show a decrease of 5 as compared with those occurring during the previous 12 months. Fines ranging from ten shillings to fifty pounds and imprisonment from six weeks to six months hard labour

were imposed. Of 4 cases of harbouring females 3 offenders were fined ten shillings each and the fourth sentenced to six months imprisonment. Two persons were convicted for being in camp with females, resulting in a fine of £12.10. Od. being imposed in one case and four months imprisonment in the other. For permitting an aboriginal native on a boat without a permit defendant was fined £10. For supplying rifles to aboriginal native an offender was fined £12.10. Od.

CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION.

There were 3 applications under consideration at the beginning of the year, which added to 17 received since make a total of twenty under consideration. Of these 5 were granted, 6 refused, 2 abandoned and 1 deferred at the 30th June. There are now eighty aborigines exempted from the provisions of the Aborigines Act.

RECOGNISANCES.

Permission was granted under Section 9 of the Aborigines Act to four persons to remove eleven natives from one part of the State to another. In every case these have been returned to their respective Districts within the stipulated period.

GENERAL

The position of the aborigines and half-castes in some respects is not improving. The urgent need of a Settlement in the lower South-West is being felt. During the year several South Coast telegraph stations were closed and the postal officers transferred elsewhere. As these officers formerly assisted us in distributing rations, entirely fresh arrangements had to be made and the lot of the natives throughout this District is becoming increasingly hard. These people and many others South of a line from Perth due East cannot go to Moore River Settlement even if there were room for them which is not the case. The children are receiving no education and expectant mothers and

babes are having a hard time.

In the matter of education, numbers of half and quarter caste children, many almost white, resident on stations and elsewhere are receiving no education whatever and are being reared more or less as aborigines. Proposals designed to improve these conditions have not so far received the consideration they deserve and little progress seems possible. These proposals include amendments to the Aborigines Act, and Workers' Compensation Act as it affects aborigines, labour conditions in relation to the payment of wages and hospital accommodation. The time is long overdue when the people should be treated as individuals in distinct districts and not be dealt with in bulk as is generally the case now.

MOOLA BULLA ABORIGINES CATTLE STATION.

The usual returns including Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet will be found at pages 27, 28 and 28<sup>a</sup> of this report.

The year's transactions disclose a loss of £1,928. 2. 8 as compared with £3,783. 5. 2 for the previous year.

Trading was particularly good, cash receipts amounting to £4,755. 5. 11 being paid into the Treasury. The cost of operations was 27.88 per cent. less than for the previous year.

Notwithstanding these facts, owing to the economic position it was not possible to make ends meet, but the loss sustained is a comparatively small price to pay in order to ensure immunity to the District from cattle killing by natives and preserve tranquillity amongst them. Running costs are likely to be still further reduced as the improvements effected in recent years leave little to be done in the immediate future and have rendered the property one of the most up-to-date concerns in the Kimberlies.

In its increasing sales of stud cattle rendered possible by the introduction of pedigree stock from Queensland a few years ago the station has begun to exercise a distinct

influence in improving the herds in East Kimberley.

In order to try out the possibility of sheep breeding in the District, some two hundred and fifty ewes were purchased in March last from Messrs. G.C. Rose & Sons of Mt. Anderson Station and placed on Moola Bulla. Since then eight high class rams have been added, these being obtained from Mr. Frank Thompson of Broomehill.

Mr. A.T. Woodland, Manager, reports as follows:-

"An average of 150 men, women and children have been in the main camp during the year and 124 head of cattle were killed for their use. A very severe epidemic of Dengue Fever went through the natives and 13 died, mostly aged.

"One of the Australian Inland Mission nurses was here in attendance and did splendid work.

"Season. The season has been good. The rain started to fall in December when 4 inches were recorded. Rainfall for the season 1710 points. The average for 16 years is 2236 points.

"Stud Cattle. Balance 1st July, 1926 12 bulls and 30 cows. Since branded 4 bulls, 3 heifers, sold 3 bulls leaving a balance of 13 bulls and 33 cows.

"Half breeds. These are calves by stud bulls out of picked cows. 44 bulls and 23 heifers were branded. Sold 49 bulls and the balance transferred to herd.

"Donkeys. At the 1st July 1926 there numbered 195 and 2 Jacks. Branded 20, died one Jack, leaving a balance of 215 donkeys and one Jack.

"Goats. Balance at 1st July, 1926, 220. Killed during the year 25 leaving a balance with natural increases of 250.

"Sheep. Received from Mt. Anderson 221 ewes and 5 wethers - a total of 226. Up to date there are 6 lambs and a decrease of 1 ewe died leaving a balance of 231.

"Herd Cattle. On the 1st July 1926 there numbered 14451. The following sales are accounted for, Wyndham Works 971, Local 1, Killed for Indigent Natives 124, Station Rations 128, sent to Violet Valley 62, sold Northam Agency, Bedford Downs, Booty & Sadler 49 bulls, Mortality 10% 1540. Branded during the year 2347 calves. Leaving a balance of 13919, a decrease of 532. All cattle are in good condition and have not been troubled with buffalo fly.

"Employees. Eight permanent hands have been employed during the year and an average of 50 natives doing station work. Others were employed on the roads.

"Improvements. A men's quarters of 5 rooms has been erected. Also a new waggon shed and blacksmith's shop and engine shed. A new yard at the Station is in process of construction.

VIOLET VALLEY NATIVE STATION

Mr. Hector Burness, Officer in Charge, reports as follows:-

"Natives. An average of 80 natives have been in camp during the year and 112 head of cattle were killed for their use. The health of the natives has been good. No complaints have been received from stations in this district as to natives killing cattle. The season has been good for the native food and they are coming and going out and in all through the year.

"Season. The season has been good.

"Horses. These are in good condition. Balance at 30.6.26 was 58. Sent from Moola Bulla 10, branded 10, died 8 leaving a balance of 70 at 30.6.27.

"Cattle. These numbered 999 at 1st July, 1926. Sent from Moola Bulla as killers 62, branded 141, killed for natives 112 and station use 25, leaving a balance of 1065 at 30th June, 1927.

"Mules. These numbered 20 at 1st July, 1926. Branded 7, leaving a balance of 27 at 30th June, 1927.

"Improvements. One large mill was erected on the division fence of both paddocks in place of the small mill that was there. The small mill was then erected in the garden at the house.

"There was also a new windmill head put on the old worn out mill in the house paddock which was a great improvement on the old one.

"Employees. The usual two hands have been employed, also 5 boys and 5 women doing station work.

AVON VALLEY NATIVE STATION

Good progress has been made by the Manager, Mr. Reid, in establishing this Station, which was only purchased last year. Station buildings erected comprise Manager's house, with detached kitchen and cook's room, married couple's quarters, temporary store and saddle room, and native shelter shed. Some fencing has been done to prevent cattle straying into the ranges or entering boddy places where much loss was previously occasioned. Cultivation paddocks have also been fenced, and a good deal of preliminary experimental work done, branding yards repaired and extended. A large portion of the run is good cattle country, and there is in addition excellent agricultural land which it is intended to put to good use. Already natives are being mainly fed on the produce of the place. Some 600 natives frequent the

vicinity of the station, and these are well in hand.

This station was only recently purchased so it is a little early to anticipate its possibilities, but it would appear that we have acquired a property eminently suited to the purpose of a native station, and which in the course of a few years should become practically self supporting under proper management. I propose to run it as a business undertaking, as in the case of Moola Bulla, and next year will be in a position to submit the usual Balance Sheet, accompanied by all necessary returns.

Following is the report from the Manager, Mr. Harold Reid:-

"Natives. The natives in the vicinity of Walcott Inlet are pretty well in hand now, but new-comers are continually arriving and take their toll when passing through the cattle. Some of them camp in the ranges a short distance from the edge of the herd and are responsible for giving me a lot of riding and walking climbing the ranges in order to locate their camps and when located escorting them across the Inlet to the general camping ground. They were responsible for the deaths of five head of bullocks during the last two months that I have seen. This damage was done by a crowd from the ranges at the back of Port George Mission. The native name for the part they come from is "Capletay" country. They are now, with the exception of three who got away when I raided the camp, on the general camping ground.

"Season. Good. Rainfall 48".

"Improvements.

"Temporary store and saddle room. Built thatched place. Iron roof on verandahs at both ends. One verandah enclosed with bamboo grass for saddle room. Dimensions 24' x 16'.

"Natives' Quarters. Iron building, dressed bush timber 208 x 10' and 8 ft. verandah enclosed both ends.

"General Kitchen. Iron building, dressed bush timber, verandah on 3 sides, cook's room South-east corner of verandah as per plans forwarded. Made table and shelves for same.

First two buildings erected by self and kitchen by Neilsen. All timber for same cut and carried by natives.

"Well 6' x 4' in the clear. 14 ft. of water in same at present, sunk and timbered full depth. Windlass stands and barrell also made.

"Fencing. Fenced off two boggy places which were a menace to cattle about  $\frac{3}{4}$  mile fencing. Fenced cultivation paddocks enclosing a little over 3 acres 6 wires and netting.

Fenced gap above top Calder Crossing to prevent cattle straying into the ranges. Cleared and cultivated paddocks for experimental farming, native labour with hoes, picks and shovels.

Made vegetable garden.



"Had timber cut and carried to chosen side for new  
"Branding yard, native labour.

"Repaired branding yard, put in new sub-division and  
"erected round breaking in yard (Neilson).

"Stock. Bang tailed and branded cattle as per stock  
"return. Brandings this year to date 208, top end of run  
"not completed yet and second time through the cattle for  
"remainder of calves taken in the year.  
"Broke in 3 head horse and 2 mules.

"Saddlery. Made 3 pack saddles, 2 sets pack bags and  
"quantity of girths, surcingles, croupers both pack and  
"riding, 3 pack britchings and four bridles and 60 pr. of  
"leather hoppers.  
"Counter-lined and repaired all packs and bags and riding  
"saddles putting new panels in most of latter.

"Green hide work. Made 3 head ropes about 30 feet long,  
"8 leg ropes and 60 neck strings.

"Explored country both sides of Calder and Sale River  
"and ranges and country between, also part of Charnley  
"River from Walcott Inlet to big Gorge. West side of  
"Inlet for about 20 miles down.

"Medical Duties. Doctored 42 cases bad eyes, 8 cases  
"native sores. All latter clean now.  
"Set broken arm and treated numbers of axe cuts, contusions  
"etc.  
"The natives in this locality are practically free (from  
"outward appearance) of venereal. I attribute this to  
"their not coming in contact with the coloured crews on  
"pearling fleets etc.

"Agricultural results. Harvested 6 cwt. African Bean;  
"expect another 5 cwt., starting to harvest same in July.  
"6 corn sacks of Red Millet and 3 of Feterita (Kaffir  
"corn) and more to harvest yet. Three corn sacks of peanuts  
"harvested, another 6 sacks to come in from field ( $\frac{1}{4}$  of an  
"acre). Second lot of peanuts harvest in July.

"Castor Oil Beans. Harvested about 60 lbs. from nine  
"trees planted shortly after arrival. Have 420 trees in now  
"and picking beans every day. This and peanuts can be  
"grown here with a minimum of labour and with fair conditions  
"should be a commercial commodity later.

"The natives have meal (home made) for breakfast and  
"while the beans (African) lasted had them for dinner with  
"meat and bread and meat for supper.

"Another cultivation paddock in course of erection,  
"about 15 acres.  
"This paddock completed enclosing 25 acres and partly  
"cleared. Have also two stacks of hay, one of rice (several  
"tons) and one of Rhodes grass and Lucerne.

"In addition have done a lot of outside riding prevent-  
"ing natives from killing cattle."

LA GRANGE FEEDING DEPOT.

Mr. John Spurling, Officer in Charge, reports as  
follows:-

"Attendance. For the year an average of 58 natives  
"were maintained monthly, the whole of whom were decrepit  
"and unable to find their own food.

"In addition there were many casual and travelling aborigines fed and succoured, of whom it was difficult to keep a correct record. But, nevertheless, any deserving in any way were not turned away hungry, the policy of the Department being rigidly adhered to in this respect.

"Health of the natives. During the latter part of the year an abnormal quantity of rain fell but the temperature throughout was particularly mild, otherwise many deaths would have resulted, the death roll for the year being only three females. However, I have to record that much trouble was experienced with many cases of influenza and Bronchitis.

"Many natives particularly those entirely outside the influence of the Depot, were treated for some particular disease of running sores on the ends of their fingers; Others with swollen feet and ankles, which is not prevalent here.

"Many other simple ailments came under review and were treated.

"Three cases of gonorrhoea came under my notice and were successfully treated.

"Last year a disease broke out amongst the native women, severe pains in the abdomen, and caused considerable anxiety which was duly reported to you, and action taken by the health authorities.

"I am pleased to report that few cases are apparent during the year.

"Conduct of natives. Very good and in every way submissive as far as the Depot inmates are concerned.

"At some of the frequent gatherings of bush aborigines, several alarming cases of injuries to the head have been treated, arising over tribal customs and arguments during these receptions.

"Buildings. Are all in good working condition; during the year a substantial galvanized iron bake house with large kitchen all under one roof has been erected.

"Garden. Coming on nicely again this season: has been of great service to the aged natives, and been very beneficial to the health of the natives generally.

"Blankets and Clothing. Plentiful and suitable. These have been forwarded regularly at appointed times, and are of excellent quality.

"Food Supplies. Bread baked on the premises, tea and meat, when possible, were issued twice daily to the old infirm natives, with a small ration of tobacco once a week.

"A regular supply of butchers' meat is difficult to obtain, but the outlook for the coming year is much more hopeful."

#### MOORE RIVER NATIVE SETTLEMENT

Early in January last Mr. and Mrs. A.J. Neal were appointed Superintendent and Matron respectively, succeeding Mr. and Mrs. Brodie who had resigned. Mr. Neal has had many years'

farming experience in all its branches, and is a capable stock breeder, while Mrs. Neal was, as Nurse Edmonds, favourably known to the Department when on the staff at Carrolup Settlement. Both have been resident in the Midland District for many years, and are well and favourably known throughout.

Since January there has been a noticeable improvement in the conduct of affairs at Moore River, and considerable progress in the developmental work has taken place. It is proposed to bring into cultivation for the purpose of raising sufficient sheep to supply the inmates with meat, some three thousand acres of light land, and the reserve has been slightly enlarged to embrace some of this country, which lies on the North side of the Moore River. The area has been favourably reported on by Mr. Thomas, Superintendent of Wheat Farms, and it is hoped that within a year or two the purchase of killing sheep from outside, which has hitherto been a heavy drain on our resources, will cease altogether.

A Chevrolet motor truck has been purchased to take the place of the original Ford truck which has been disposed of to good advantage.

Additional buildings are required to accommodate the increasing numbers of children sent to the Institutions, and the first of these to be constructed is a new Hospital.

Improvements include the erection of two bat garages and one bat clothing store. Half the main street has been gravelled the full width, posts cut and posts erected and bored ready to fence in 100 acres. This is for a horse paddock. The whole of the buildings have been oiled and painted. One hundred acres have been grubbed ready for burning on the new site for cropping.

Sixty-four acres have been put under crop this season and is looking very well.

Examination of the reserve by an officer of the Forestry Department, with a view to establishing pine

plantations, has been undertaken, and this season one thousand pine trees were planted. If these do as well as the trees originally planted when the Settlement was established about nine years ago, then there should be little doubt as to the success of the experiment.

Approximately three hundred inmates are in residence here, and it is impossible to accommodate many more with existing facilities.

The number of births for the year was 9, marriages 13 and deaths 10.

The health of the inmates has been good, medical and dental treatment being available as required.

The quantity of mutton and kangaroo meat consumed respectively was 21,588 lbs. and 12,460 lbs.

Milk totalling 1,225 gallons from the dairy herd was consumed by the inmates.

The average number of inmates was 289.

#### MISSIONS.

The usual return showing operations of Mission Societies will be found at page 29.

Mr. Beard, joint manager of Pt. George IV. Mission, writes:-

"Dealing with general improvements for the year ending 30.6.27, a new cottage 20 x 10 with back verandah cypress (antproof) timber, iron walls and roof, was built for a H.C. couple sent over from Queensland to assist on the Mission or as needed. The man at present is mate on our Mission boat while his wife is assistant schoolteacher.

"A new iron roof was put on a cottage which was erected the previous year (replacing paperbark). These two buildings are of a permanent nature and will last for years.

"Road improvements cost about £50, from the boat land to the Station.

"Special attempts were made to get more of the land planted with rice and other food stuffs to save importing food as much as possible. Ploughing and planting was started mid November with the first rains, but extra heavy rains in mid December made the ground too boggy to use the plough and donkey team, so most of the later planting had to be done by the natives with hoes etc.

"About 6 or 7 acres was planted with rice. Some  
"of this which we were able to weed yielded well but  
"again owing to the continuous heavy rains we could not  
"get the larger portion cleaned and weeded, resulting in  
"a rather dirty crop. This spoilt the yield. When the  
"rains stopped the influenza epidemic stopped all work for  
"about 3 weeks; too late then to attempt weeding or further  
"planting. A rice yield of about 3 tons of cleaned rice  
"is, however, a big help.

"Sweet potatoes. A larger area of these was planted  
"than usual. They are yielding well but the tubers are  
"small owing to the rains cutting off so early in the year;  
"only a small portion has been dug to date, yield  $1\frac{1}{2}$  tons.

"Peanuts. Only a small portion lifted, yield fair  
"quality.

"Further planting of true bananas were made, also  
"pineapples.

"A fine lot of smaller vegetables (watered or  
"irrigated) is going to help through the dry season. I  
"always find they save the medicine chest a great deal.

"The average number of natives is very hard to quote  
"as a lot of the natives South and East from the Mission  
"are patchy in attendance, as they now wander from the  
"Mission to the Government Station and back again, so  
"possibly the numbers given from both places include some  
"of the same natives who have been at both places during  
"the year ending June 30th. However about 40 natives came  
"down from North who had never been here before and stayed  
"about three months; these helped to fill the place of  
"those who had gone to Walcott Inlet. About 380 different  
"natives have been at the Mission some time during the year.  
"Some only stayed a short time, others permanent or nearly  
"so.

"Nearly all inmates had the influenza in April last.

"There were 8 cases possible venereal disease but  
"these have responded to treatment".

#### FINANCIAL

A Statement of Receipts and Payments of all  
amounts including Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of  
Moola Bulla Station is attached hereto.

Receipts credited to the Trust Account amounted  
to £1,472.10.11 as compared with £2,243. 7. 6 or a decrease of  
£770.16. 7. In addition receipts from Moola Bulla Cattle Station  
which were paid into Consolidated Revenue amount to £4,755. 5.11  
as against £2,374.11. 0 for the previous 12 months or an increase  
of £2,380.14.11. Total payments amounted to £27,895. 8. 1 for  
the year whilst disbursements for the previous period totalled  
£26,718. 9. 2, representing an increase of £1,176.18.11

Once again I desire to extend thanks to all  
Protectors and others throughout the State who have assisted  
in the care of the aborigines and so readily lent their aid  
to the Department during the past year.

*sd. A. O. Neville*

CHIEF PROTECTOR OF ABORIGINES.



STATEMENT SHOWING POPULATION  
TO DISTRICT AND OTHER

District	ESTIMATED POPULATION									Total	I n
	Full Blood			Half-castes deemed to be Aborigines			Half-castes not deemed Aborigines				
	M	F	C	M	F	C	M	F	C		
Albany	8	6	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	De
Beagle Bay	202	201	97	19	28	49	-	-	-	596	Ir
Beverley	6	-	-	10	3	11	-	-	-	30	Ir
Brookton	7	6	8	16	12	24	-	-	-	73	Ir
Broome	258	227	79	31	50	63	15	15	20	758	Ir
Bunbury	1	1	-	9	9	12	1	-	-	33	No
Busselton	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	8	4	24	De
Carnarvon	72	55	30	11	7	10	12	10	6	213	De
Coolgardie	11	13	3	1	1	4	-	-	-	33	No
Cottesloe	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	No
Cue	60	40	25	10	6	5	5	-	4	155	Ir
Derby	420	340	80	20	20	20	-	-	-	900	De
Dongarra	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	5	No
Esperance	20	15	10	3	-	3	1	4	7	63	De
Fitzroy Crossing	1031	937	330	5	2	23	-	-	-	2328	No
Fremantle	2	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	9	No
Gascoyne Junction	200	190	44	20	20	14	-	-	-	488	No
Geraldton	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	5	De
Gnowangerup	25	20	40	16	15	40	6	6	8	176	De
Goomalling	3	3	5	3	1	3	-	-	-	18	De
Guildford	5	-	-	9	14	14	-	-	-	42	No
Hall's Crk.	240	200	50	6	1	5	2	1	-	505	De
Kalgoorlie	40	25	19	20	7	5	4	-	-	120	No
Katanning	7	3	4	11	8	16	8	4	5	66	De
Kellerberrin	15	15	20	12	10	13	-	-	-	85	De
Kojonup	9	8	6	13	10	8	2	2	6	64	No
Laverton	350	230	34	4	-	-	1	-	-	619	Ir
Leonora	45	66	11	4	1	7	4	2	2	142	De
Marble Bar	270	194	24	30	22	4	1	-	-	545	Ir
Meekatharra	100	95	13	6	4	7	-	-	-	225	De
Carried Fwd.	3408	2890	942	295	257	363	74	54	62	8345	



...  
 LATION ACCORDING  
 PARTICULARS.

Increase or Decrease noted for year	Condition and Health	Epidemics	Venereal	Con- duct	Employment
Decreasing	Fair	Few cases Influenza	Nil	Fair	Not Plenti- ful
Increasing	Good	Influenza and Colds	2 cases	Good	Plentiful
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Very fair	do.
Increasing	Good	Influenza and Colds	Few cases	Good	do. generally
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fair	Nil	Few cases	Good	do. but natives not disposed to accept.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Colds only	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Few cases	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Few cases	Good	do.
Normal	Fair	Influenza 3 deaths	Few cases	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Influenza very bad	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do. but natives not disposed to accept.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fairly good	Nil	About 4 or 5 cases	Good	do. about 50% of natives in employment
Normal	Generally Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful but natives not disposed to accept.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Fairly plentiful
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Increasing	Good	Nil	Slight	Good	Fairly plentiful
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Very Good	Very little
Increasing	Good	Nil	8 cases reported	Good	Plentiful
Decreasing	Fair	Nil	Few cases	Good	Plentiful

District	ESTIMATED POPULATION									Total
	Full Blood			Half-castes deemed to be Aborigines			Half-castes not deemed Aborigines			
	M	F	C	M	F	C	M	F	C	
Brought Fwd.	3408	2890	942	295	257	363	74	54	62	8345
Menzies	19	7	1	-	-	-	5	2	2	36
Merredin	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	4
Mingenew	4	4	2	20	12	18	3	3	5	71
Moora	30	24	66	81	95	273	4	2	6	581
Morgans	260	230	63	9	4	6	-	-	-	572
Mt. Barker	2	2	10	-	-	-	3	3	6	26
Mt. Magnet	19	11	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	38
Mullewa	12	4	10	3	3	4	6	4	3	49
Narrogin	4	3	-	32	30	33	-	-	-	102
Norseman	30	20	13	1	-	-	1	-	-	65
Northam	1	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	7
Northampton	9	4	2	4	3	8	-	-	-	30
Nullagine	200	150	25	10	10	4	8	-	-	407
Onslow	83	81	24	3	5	8	2	-	-	206
Perenjori	7	3	10	3	2	8	-	-	-	33
Peak Hill	99	92	10	3	2	-	1	1	-	208
Pingelly	-	-	-	5	8	9	-	-	-	22
Pinjarra	8	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	12
Pt. Medland	138	138	19	30	30	38	-	-	-	393
Quairading	3	1	-	65	61	70	6	3	6	215
Ravensthorpe	9	4	4	-	-	-	-	5	-	22
Roebourne	210	82	63	8	12	8	3	3	2	391
Sandstone	5	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	11
Shark Bay	8	6	5	21	13	23	-	-	-	76
Sthn. Cross	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Tambellup	12	7	22	3	-	1	-	-	-	45
Three Springs	7	6	6	8	5	7	-	-	-	39
Toodyay	5	4	6	9	5	11	-	-	-	40
Turkey Creek	500	350	170	3	-	14	4	1	5	1047
Wagin	7	6	4	3	4	7	1	2	-	34
		62	27	5	2	4	2	3	7	168
Williams	7	4	18	-	-	-	21	18	52	120
Wickepin	1	2	-	6	5	13	-	-	-	27
Wiluna	65	65	9	4	3	2	-	-	-	148
Wyndham	690	780	250	6	6	26	-	-	-	1758
Yalgoo	71	59	36	41	35	70	-	-	-	312
York	5	4	13	1	1	2	-	-	-	26
	5998	5110	1834	687	623	1033	144	104	156	15,689

Increase or Decrease noted for year	Condition and Health	Epidemic	Venereal	Conduct	Employment
Decreasing	Not good	Nil	2 cases reported	Very fair	Plentiful
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do. but natives not disposed to work.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Normal	Good	Influenza	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fair	Nil	Nil	Good	No work, natives prepared to accept when offering.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	Plentiful
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fair	Nil	1 case reported	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	1 case Granuloma	Good	do.
	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fair	Nil	1 case reported	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Few cases	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Fair	Influenza slight	2 cases reported	Good	do.
Decreasing slightly	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Fair	Influenza and colds	Very little	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	1 case reported	Good	do.
Normal	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Decreasing	Good	Influenza	Very bad	Fair	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.
Increasing	Good	Nil	Nil	Good	do.

S U M M A R Y .

	<u>1925/26</u>	<u>1926/27</u>
Full-Bloods	12,194	12,942
Half-Castes (Column 2)	2,193	2,343
Half-Castes (Column 3)	379	404
Aborigines outside the influence of civilisation, Estimate only	10,000	10,000
	<u>24,766</u>	<u>25,689</u>



Place	Rate	By whom supplied	Supervised by
<u>DEPARTMENTAL SETTLEMENT</u>			
Avon Valley Native Station	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Manager
La Grange Feeding Depot	do.	do.	Officer in
Moola Bulla Native Station	do.	do.	Manager
Moore River Native S'tment	do.	do.	Superinten
Violet Valley Native Station	do.	do.	Manager
<u>PER CAPITUM</u>			
Winning Pool	6d. per day	J. Powell	
<u>BY CONTRACT UNDER POLICE OR DEPT.</u>			
Albany	As per Contract	Contractor	Police
Bamboo Creek	do.	do.	do.
Carnarvon	do.	do.	do.
Cue	do.	do.	do.
Coolgardie	do.	do.	do.
Collie	do.	do.	do.
Coodingnow Stn.	do.	do.	do.
Derby	do.	do.	do.
Esperance	do.	do.	do.
Eucla	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Mgr. Telegr
Eyre	do.	do.	do.
Fitzoy Crossing	do.	do.	Police
Giralia	do.	do.	Dawe W.H.
Gascoyne Junction	do.	do.	Police
Geraldton	As per Contract	Contractor	do.
Guildford	do.	do.	do.
Gum Creek	do.	do.	do.
Israelite Bay	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Postmaster
Jigalong	do.	do.	Rabbit Dep
Kanowna	As per Contract	Contractor	Police
Kookynie	do.	do.	Police
Lake Darlot	do.	do.	do.
Lawlers	do.	do.	do.
Laverton	do.	do.	do.
Leonora	do.	do.	do.
Linden	do.	do.	do.
Marble Bar	do.	Aborigines Dept.	do.
Meekeatharra	do.	Contractor	do.
Morgans	do.	do.	do.
Mingenew	do.	do.	do.
Moora	do.	do.	do.
Mt. Magnet	do.	do.	do.
Mt. Narryer	do.	Stn. Manager	Stn. Manag
Mullewa	do.	Contractor	Police
Mundrabilla	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Stn. Manag
Narrogin	As per Contract	Contractor	Police
Norseman	do.	do.	do.
Nullagine	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	do.
Onslow	As per Contract	Contractor	do.
Perth	Local Purchase	Aborigines Dept.	Aborigines
Peak Hill	As per Contract	Contractor	Police
Pinjarra	do.	do.	do.
Roebourne (Iepers)	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	do.
do. (Indigents)	do.	do.	do.
Sandstone	As per Contract	Contractor	do.
Shark Bay	do.	do.	do.
Tableland	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Secretary, P
Tuckanarra	As per Contract	Contractor	Storekeeper
Wallal	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	Ennis H.
Whin Creek	As per Contract	Contractor	Police
Wodgina	Bulk Supplies	Aborigines Dept.	do.
Wiluna	As per Contract	Contractor	do.
Yalgoo	do.	do.	do.
Yarri	do.	do.	do.
Yowergabbie	do.	Stn. Manager	do.
FRT. & CARTAGE			

(a) Including Cattle killed  
 (b) Including white employ

	Average No. of Natives fed per Month		Total Cost	
	1925/26	1926/27	1925/26	1926/27
<b>STATIONS AND FEEDING DEPOTS</b>				
	-	63	- . - . -	1,208. 5. -
Charge	60	58	597. 8. 5	162. 6. 9
	142	197	346. - . - (a)	387.18. 7
ident	302	289	2,702. 9. 4 (b)	2,618.14.11
	90	81	727.17. 4 (a)	446.18. 4
A	1	1	15. - . -	12. - . -
<b>DEPARTMENTAL SUPERVISION .</b>				
	3	9	7. 6. 9	17. 7. 3
	3	3	57. 1. 3	24. 3. -
	5	1	58.19. 4	6. - . 6
	4	9	42.17. 4	50.15. 2
	10	11	159.14. 1	146.11. 1
	4	-	4. 4. 2	- . - . -
	4	4	35.13. 4	29.13.10
	6	7	70. 5.11	52. 2.11
	5	6	35.13. 4	56. - . 9
aph Stn.	10	1	93.16. 8	4. 3. 6
	4	5	10.19. 8	13.11. 8
	23	31	202. 9. 3	134. - .10
	7	6	47.15. 1	45.14. 2
	9	4	82.13. 1	41. 3. 6
	1	1	11.19. 3	15.17. 8
	9	-	6.19. 3	- . - . -
	18	17	142.16. 9	135.18. 5
	16	7	147. 5.10	56. 8.11
t.	15	15	78. 6. 3	61.17. 4
	-	-	- . - . -	- . - . -
	8	8	64. 4.10	7.13. 6
	5	5	81.16. 5	40. 5. -
	15	8	39.17. 9	19. 5. 7
	25	16	242.17. 1	166. - .10
	3	3	8. 9.10	7.18. 5
	50	59	525.12. 8	560. 2. 6
	4	4	6. 5.10	10. 8. 6
	8	5	65. 9. 2	62.13. 4
	41	68	481.19. 4	653.15.11
	3	3	28. 5. -	21.18. -
	9	8	1. 1.10	1. 7. 4
er	3	5	20. 4.11	47. 6. 2
	6	7	86. 9.10	89. 2. 3
er	1	2	1.14. -	13.12. -
	10	10	51. 6. 3	48.16. 8
	4	-	3. 4.11	- . - . -
	11	4	44.14. -	22. 5. 8
	15	16	83. - . 2	89.15.11
	4	4	33.15. 5	36. 2. 8
Dept.	-	-	50. 1. 1	5. 3. -
	35	33	378.10. 6	345.12. 7
	1	1	12.14. 2	10.18. 8
	2	-	102.12.11	- . - . -
	3	2	24. 1. 9	65.16. 9
	8	2	58.13. 1	4.10. -
	4	3	57. 2. 7	17. 3. 8
rd.Bd.	13	20	113. 7. 4	90.17. 1
r	8	8	70. 8. 9	33. 1.10
	16	15	55.18. 3	48. - . 4
	-	-	47.17.10	57. - . 7
	7	5	37.10.10	23. 3. 3
	-	14	- . - . -	114.18.10
	8	7	67. 9.10	69. 9. 6
	14	13	102. 8. -	92.11. -
	-	-	- . - . -	- . - . -
				780. - . -
	1104	1197	£8,734.17.10	£9,365.17. 5

Place of Issue	1925/26				Totals
	General Natives	Single Natives	Single Natives	Permits	
Albany	-	-	1	1	1
Beagle Bay	12	156	-	-	12
Beverley	-	-	1	1	1
Bunbury	-	-	3	3	3
Broome	27	346	94	118	121
Carnarvon	4	34	10	10	14
Cue	4	35	13	13	17
Derby	45	1178	32	38	77
Esperance	-	-	6	6	6
Eucla	-	-	1	1	1
Fremantle	-	-	-	-	-
Geraldton	2	15	3	3	5
Gascoyne Junction	14	486	1	1	15
Hall's Creek	20	252	11	11	31
Kalgoorlie	-	-	4	4	4
Katanning	-	-	5	5	5
Kojonup	-	-	3	3	3
La Grange	5	114	2	2	7
Laverton	-	-	18	18	18
Lawlers	2	13	2	2	4
Leonora	3	36	4	4	7
Marble Bar	14	192	13	13	27
Meekatharra	17	175	15	15	32
Menzies	-	-	6	6	6
Merredin	-	-	3	3	3
Moola Bulla	15	189	1	1	16
Moore River	-	-	2	2	2
Moora	-	-	3	3	3
Morgans	1	5	6	6	7
Narrogin	1	8	1	1	2
Nullagine	17	164	2	2	19
Norseman	2	16	2	2	4
Northam	-	-	1	1	1
Onslow	17	129	3	3	20
Peak Hill	6	61	-	-	6
Perth	-	-	74	74	74
Pt. Hedland	15	209	6	6	21
Pinjarra	-	-	2	2	2
Ravensthorpe	-	-	6	6	6
Roebourne	23	334	7	7	30
Shark Bay	3	75	5	5	8
Swan	1	15	3	3	4
Violet Valley	17	170	3	3	20
Wiluna	3	19	-	-	3
Wyndham	10	82	46	46	56
Yalgoo	10	96	4	4	14
Totals .. .. .	311	4610	429	459	740



NATIVES AUTHORISED TO BE EMPLOYED THEREUNDER

al	1926/27				Total	
	Natives	General Natives	Single Natives	Permits	Natives	
1	-	-	-	-	-	
156	17	190	8	9	25	199
1	-	-	2	2	2	2
3	-	-	1	1	1	1
464	15	207	70	80	85	287
44	12	95	6	6	18	101
48	6	42	11	11	17	53
1216	35	1010	36	37	71	1047
6	-	-	9	9	9	9
1	-	-	1	1	1	1
-	-	-	2	2	2	2
18	3	23	8	8	11	31
487	11	290	1	1	12	291
263	20	243	9	9	29	252
4	-	-	2	2	2	2
5	-	-	2	2	2	2
3	-	-	1	1	1	1
116	8	91	2	2	10	93
18	-	-	20	20	20	20
15	3	19	3	3	6	22
40	2	22	2	2	4	24
205	16	251	17	17	33	268
190	8	80	12	12	20	92
6	-	-	5	5	5	5
3	-	-	7	7	7	7
190	14	191	2	2	16	193
2	-	-	1	1	1	1
3	-	-	8	8	8	8
11	2	14	4	4	6	18
9	-	-	1	2	1	2
166	16	158	6	6	22	164
18	1	8	4	4	5	12
1	-	-	6	6	6	6
132	11	93	3	3	14	96
61	8	80	3	3	11	83
74	1	4	44	44	45	48
215	13	159	2	2	15	161
2	-	-	4	4	4	4
6	-	-	6	6	6	6
341	13	189	1	1	14	190
80	1	25	27	27	28	52
18	1	15	1	1	2	16
173	15	188	3	3	18	191
19	2	14	-	-	2	14
128	7	56	29	29	36	85
100	11	90	6	6	17	96
5069	272	3847	399	412	671	4259

COMBINED ACCOUNTS

MOOLA HILLA ABOLISHING CATTLE STATION.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT

30th June 1927.

General Loan Fund 23,940. 6. 2  
 Consolidated Revenue Fund 36,770. 1.10  
 Cash Order Account 352. 7. 7  
 Sundry Creditors 42. 7. 4

Cattle on Station as per Returns 23,132. 0. 0  
 Horses Mules Etc. 6,447. 0. 8

Station Accounts.  
 Buildings 657. 19. 3  
 Fencing 2242. 1. 2  
 Stock Yards 2192. 2. 5  
 Engine & Boiler 406. 15. 11  
 Water Supply Plant 4066. 0. 0  
 Tannery 2944. 14. 9  
 Motor Car 102. 8. 0  
 Carts & Buggies 292. 5. 0  
 Saddlery & Harness 584. 10. 0  
 Sundry Plant, Tools Etc 584. 16. 2  
 Furniture & Household F.S 1806. 7. 1  
 Office Furniture 26. 10. 0

Stores on Hand at Cost plus Transport. 14,267. 3. 9  
 Stock on Hand at Head Office 2,506. 7. 1  
 Stock on Hand in Tannery. 5. 0. 0  
 Sundry Debtors 208. 9. 0  
 Sundry Debtors 995. 14. 2  
 Balance representing accumulated losses to 30/6/27. 12,643. 8. 0

£60,205. 2.11

£60,205. 2.11

OTHER BRANCHES.

PROPERTY LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 1927.

1927.

1927.

June 30	To Gross Loss transferred from	June 30	By Gross Profit transferred from
"	Horses A/c.	"	Cattle A/c.
"	transferred from	"	transferred from
"	Mules A/c.	"	Donkeys A/c.
"	transferred from	"	transferred from
"	Sheep A/c.	"	Goats A/c.
"	transferred from	"	transferred from
"	Stores A/c.	"	transferred from
"	State Provisions	"	Mail Service A/c.
"	Wages	"	Consignment on Hides. Dalgetty & Co.
"	Salaries	"	Surplus in Stock.
"	Repairs & Renewals	"	Net Loss for Year carried to
"	General Expenses	"	Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c. 1926.
"	Sale of Saddle (H.O.)		
"	Printing & Stationery		
"	Postages & Telegrams		
"	Clothing Station Natives		
"	Shoelings		
"	Travelling Expenses		
"	Upkeep of Motor Car		
"	Consignment on Goods to		
	Hugo Fischer		
"	Deficiencies in Stock		
"	Colonial Treasurer's Interest		
	on Loan		
"	Colonial Treasurer's Dept.		
	Charges		
"	Depreciation		

£6059. 3. 8

£6059. 3. 8

COMBINED ACCOUNTS

WOLLA WILIA ADVERTISING SALES STATION

PROFIT & LOSS APPROPRIATION A/c.

FOR YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 1927

1926.

July 1 To Balance other Branches 9942.18. 0  
 From Previous Year  
 To Balance January  
 from previous Year 544.12. 1 10,487.10. 1

1927.

June 30 By Balance carried forward 11,871. 0. 8  
 to next Year  
 Other Branches 772. 7. 7  
 Tammy.

12,643. 0. 3

1927.

June 30 To Net Loss other Branches 1928. 2. 8  
 for Year  
 To Net Loss "Tammy" 227.15. 6 2,155.18. 2  
 for Year

212,643. 0. 3

212,643. 0. 3



	<u>Beagle Bay</u>	<u>Forrest River</u>	<u>Lombadina</u>
Name of Governing Body	The Pious Society of Missions	Australian Board of Missions (Anglican)	Pious Society of Missions
Brief description of land held and nature of tenure	Poor pasturage 80,000 Leasehold and native Reserve	100,000 acres Freehold in Reserve of 3,000,000 acres	Poor pasturage, and lease of 19,000 acres
Livestock owned by Mission at 30th June, 1927:-			
Cattle	3,200	1,366	150
Horses	11	26	-
Sheep	-	145	-
Donkeys	38	45	12
Mules	36	-	3
Goats	350	290	80
Pigs	27	-	-
Area under crop or in process of cultivation, clearing etc.	33 acres	approximately 40 acres	4 acres
General improvements effected during year ended 30.6.27	New school, motor road cleared, 4 native houses built	All developmental and other work held up owing to enquiry into native murders etc.	Dormitory for boys
Special efforts to make the Mission self-supporting during the year under review	Sale of cattle, vegetables, broom millet, rice growing	Cotton grown but unmarketable, sale of 40 bullocks, 9 acres of millet grown for food	Growing vegetables, stock raising
Average number of natives within Mission influence	M 68 F 83 C 83 234	M 290 F 240 C 70 600	M 60 F 70 C 20 150
No. of inmates supported at cost of Mission	59 63 67 189	50 50 34 134	12 22 16 50
No. of inmates supported by the State (exclusive of above)	9 20 16 45	17 22 4 43	- - - -
Average No. of children under 16 yrs. attending school daily	20 Abos. 21 H. Castes	22 Abos. 26 H. Castes	10 Abos. 4 H. Castes
No. of children received at the Institution since 1st July giving age, sex, whether full-blood or half-caste, also district from whence received.	3 h.c. girls 11 yrs, 9 yrs, 9 yrs. respectively: Fitzroy. 2 h.c. boys 7 yrs, 11 yrs. respectively, from Broome.	1 h.c. boy about 10 years	
No. of children discharged and placed in situations or otherwise disposed of - give brief particulars, including age name, sex, if full-blood or half-caste, wages to be paid or other consideration for services.	2 H.c. girls over 20: 1 to Broome and 1 to Carnarvon Convent		
Particulars of births, deaths or marriages	9 births 3 deaths 4 marriages	4 births 2 deaths 1 marriage	2 births 1 death -
<u>Health</u>			
(a) No. of inmates ill from any cause during year	(a) ordinary colds	(a) 3	(a) ordinary colds
(b) Enumerate diseases from which inmates have suffered	(b) 2 Venereal Disease 1 Leper	(b) Influenza and pneumonia	
(c) No. of visits from medical officer	(c) 1 (Dr. Haynes, Broome)		

<u>Sunday Island</u>	<u>Pt. George IV. Hanover Bay</u>	<u>Drysdale River</u>																
Australian Aborigines Mission incorporated  Aborigines Reserve	Board of Missions, Presbyterian Church of Australia  48,000 acres, major portion rock, Govt. Grant for Mission purposes	Benedictine Community of New Norcia (Roman Catholic) 50,000 acres Freehold 50,000 " Leasehold																
9 - - - - 81 -	30 - - 10 - 180 -																	
$\frac{1}{2}$ acre garden	About 30 acres	NO																
The gathering of Turtle and Trocas Shell, cargo carrying: also crochet work by girls and young women. house garden	One new cottage, Cypress (Ant proof) Iron: New roof, iron, on another cottage (iron in place of bark): Boat carrying stores for Govt. Station Road Works	PARTICULARS																
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>M</td> <td>F</td> <td>C</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>34</td> <td>35</td> <td>37</td> <td>106</td> </tr> </table>	M	F	C		34	35	37	106	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>M</td> <td>F</td> <td>C</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>134</td> <td>29</td> <td>263</td> </tr> </table>	M	F	C		100	134	29	263	TO HAND.
M	F	C																
34	35	37	106															
M	F	C																
100	134	29	263															
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>68</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>68</td> </tr> </table>	68	-	-	68	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>20</td> <td>24</td> <td>60</td> </tr> </table>	16	20	24	60									
68	-	-	68															
16	20	24	60															
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>38</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>38</td> </tr> </table>	38	-	-	38	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>15</td> <td>5</td> <td>40</td> </tr> </table>	20	15	5	40									
38	-	-	38															
20	15	5	40															
9 Abos. 5 H. Castes	13 Abos. 2 H. Castes.																	
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>births</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>deaths</td> </tr> </table>	3	births	3	deaths	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>births</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>deaths</td> </tr> </table>	2	births	7	deaths									
3	births																	
3	deaths																	
2	births																	
7	deaths																	
(a) 6	(a) 60																	
(b) Heart trouble, fits, venereal, dysentery, appendix trouble.	(b) Influenza, Fish Poisoning Burns, Venereal Disease and minor ailments.																	

## ABORIGINES DEPARTMENT

Statement of Receipts and Payments for financial year  
1926/27.RECEIPTSPAYMENTS

To Grant under Section 5 of  
Aborigines Act 5 King Edward VII  
No.14

£10,000. -. -

Receipts paid to Trusts \* 1,472.10.11

Amount provided on Estimates  
for 1926/27

16,422.17. 2

\* Exclusive of £4,755. 5.11 derived  
from Moola Bulla Cattle Station,  
and £30. 8. 8 from Avon Valley  
Native Station paid direct to  
Treasury and therefore not  
available.

By Salaries - Departmental

Chief Protector of Aborigines  
and Staff

£1933.17. 8

Travelling Inspector (Inc.allowance)

479. 1. - 2,412.18. 8

Relief to Natives (General)

Provisions

5170.17. 7

Blankets and Clothing

2228. 2. 1

Medical Supplies

237. -. 6 7,636. -. 2

Port Hedland Native Hospital

Salaries : Medical Officer

198. 7. 2

Orderly-in-Charge  
and Matron

249. 1. 2

Provisions

429.13. 1

Medical Supplies

20.18. -

Freight, Travelling & Miscellaneous

139.16. 8 1,037.16. 1

Derby Native Hospital

Salaries : Orderly-in-Charge

99.13. 4

Cook and Laundress

119.12. -

Provisions

215.18. -

Medical Supplies

2. 8. 9

Freight, Travelling & Miscellaneous

37. 6. - 474.18. 1

La Grange Relief Station

Salaries

208.13. 4

Rations, etc.

162. 2. 7 370.15.11

Violet Valley Relief Station

Salaries and Wages

450.12. 3

Rations, etc.

188.18. - 639.10. 3

Moola Bulla Native Station

Salaries and Wages

2,349.11. 2

Improvements and Upkeep

2,908. -. 4 5,257.11. 6

Avon Valley Native Station

Salaries and Wages

743.18. 7

Improvements and Upkeep

1,252.15. 9 1,996.14. 4

Moore River Native Settlement

Salaries and Wages

1,092.16. 4

Stores and Provisions

2,618.14.11

Freight and Cartage

1, 4. 3

Forage

61. 3. 7

Furniture and Hardware

149.15. 6

Farm Requirements

133.19. 9

Buildings and Improvements

131. 6. 7

Motor Truck Upkeep

174. 8. 3

Miscellaneous

223.16. 5 4,587. 5. 7

General

Freight and Cartage

779.16. 4

Travelling Expenses

331.19. 4

Transport of Natives

618.10. 1

Burials

328. 7. -

Miscellaneous

312.19. 9

2,371.12. 6

Grants to Missions

Beagle Bay

232. 4. -

Broome Convent School

93.15. -

Sunday Island

293. 7. -

Port George IV.

179. -.11

Drysdale River

37.10. -

Forrest River

204. 8. 1

New Norcia

70. -. - 1,110. 5. -

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£27,895. 8. 1

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£27,895. 8. 1



